

Shore Length (m):

Volunteer Lake Assessment Program Individual Lake Reports LOON POND, GILMANTON, NH

1996

MESOTROPHIC

| MORPHOMETRIC DATA | | | | | | | TROPHIC | CLASSIFICATION | KNOWN EXOTIC SPECIES |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------|------|---------------------|------|---------|----------------|----------------------|
| | Watershed Area (Ac.): | 1,088 | Max. Depth (m): | 13.6 | Flushing Rate (yr¹) | 0.6 | Year | Trophic class | |
| | Surface Area (Ac.): | 121 | Mean Depth (m): | 7 | P Retention Coef: | 0.69 | 1980 | MESOTROPHIC | |

The Waterbody Report Card tables are generated from the 2012 305(b) report on the status of N.H. waters, and are based on data collected from 2001-2011.

Elevation (ft):

3,436,000

| Designated Use | Parameter | Category | Comments | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Aquatic Life | Phosphorus (Total) | Good | >/=5 samples and median is < threshold but > 1/2 threshold value. | | | | |
| | рН | Slightly Bad | >10% of samples exceed criteria by a small margin (minimum of 2 exceedances). | | | | |
| | D.O. (mg/L) | Encouraging | < 10 samples and no exceedance of criteria. More data needed. | | | | |
| | D.O. (% sat) | Encouraging | < 10 samples and no exceedance of criteria. More data needed. | | | | |
| | Chlorophyll-a | Very Good | >5 samples and median is < 1/2 threshold. | | | | |
| Primary Contact Recreation | E. coli | No Data | No Data for this parameter. | | | | |
| | Chlorophyll-a | Very Good | At least 10 samples with 0 exceedances of criteria. | | | | |

BEACH PRIMARY CONTACT ASSESSMENT STATUS

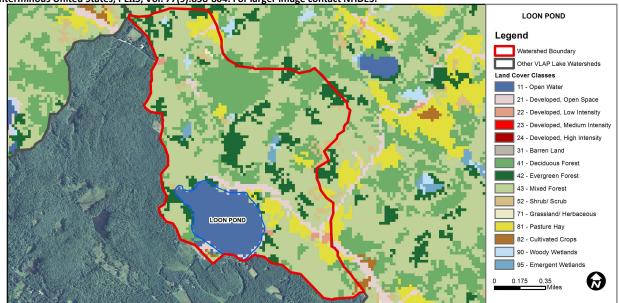
3,100

Volume (m³):

| LOON LAKE - LOON LAKE BEACH | E. coli | All bacteria samples <75% of geometric mean criteria, but not enough to calculate geometric mean. |
|-----------------------------|---------|---|
| | | Or, all bacteria samples are < single sample criteria and calculated Geometric means are less than geometric mean criteria. |

WATERSHED LAND USE SUMMARY

Fry, J., Xian, G., Jin, S., Dewitz, J., Homer, C., Yang, L., Barnes, C., Herold, N., and Wickham, J., 2011. Completion of the 2006 National Land Cover Database for the Conterminous United States, PERS, Vol. 77(9):858-864. For larger image contact NHDES.



| Land Cover Category | % Cover | Land Cover Category | % Cover | Land Cover Category | % Cover |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|
| Open Water | Open Water 11.2 | | 0 | Grassland/Herbaceous | 0.08 |
| Developed-Open Space 3.24 | | Deciduous Forest | 18.53 | Pasture Hay | 5.41 |
| Developed-Low Intensity | 0.6 | Evergreen Forest | 10.82 | Cultivated Crops | 0.31 |
| Developed-Medium Intensity 0 | | Mixed Forest | 47 | Woody Wetlands | 0.5 |
| Developed-High Intensity | 0 | Shrub-Scrub | 1.65 | Emergent Wetlands | 0.74 |



VOLUNTEER LAKE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM INDIVIDUAL LAKE REPORTS LOON POND, GILMANTON, NH

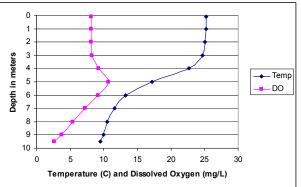
2012 DATA SUMMARY

OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (Refer to Table 1 and Historical Deep Spot Data Graphic)

- **♦ CHLOROPHYLL-A:** Chlorophyll levels spiked slightly in July, but were low in 2012. Historical trend analysis indicates a relatively stable chlorophyll level since monitoring began.
- **♦ CONDUCTIVITY/CHLORIDE:** Conductivity and chloride were elevated at Bertrand Brook and Gardner Cove Inlet due to road salting, which is likely causing the slightly elevated levels in the
- **♦ TOTAL PHOSPHORUS:** Deep spot phosphorus levels were relatively low; however historical trend analysis indicates a significantly increasing (worsening) epilimnetic (upper water layer) phosphorus level. Tributary phosphorus levels were slightly elevated in July due to low flow conditions.
- **♦ Transparency:** Transparency levels were consistent throughout the summer, however decreased from that measured in 2010 and 2011. Historical trend analysis indicates a relatively stable transparency since monitoring began.
- **♦ TURBIDITY:** Turbidity levels were low in 2012.
- PH: Deep spot pH decreased to lower than desirable levels in the hypolimnion (lower water
- RECOMMENDED ACTIONS: Discuss with the Town the possibility of implementing a low salt zone on Loon Pond Road, spring cleaning of sand along roadside and cleaning out catch basins which flow into Bertrand Brook and create chloride and sedimentation issues. The increasing phosphorus trend is concerning and efforts should be made by watershed residents to reduce their phosphorus input to the pond. Several educational handouts are available, and DES staff is available to attend an association meeting to assist with educational efforts.

| | | Table 1. 2012 Average Water Quality Data for LOON POND | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|--|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|
| | Alk. | Alk. Chlor-a Chloride Cond. Total P Trans. | | ans. | Turb. | рН | | | | |
| Station Name | mg/l | ug/l | mg/l | uS/cm | ug/l | m | | ntu | | |
| | | | | | | NVS | VS | | | |
| Bertrand Brook | | | 44 | 210.0 | 17 | | | 1.33 | 6.83 | |
| Deep Epilimnion | 5.20 | 2.12 | 15 | 86.2 | 9 | 4.85 | 5.20 | 0.67 | 7.15 | |
| Deep Metalimnion | | | | 87.1 | 9 | | | 0.86 | 6.75 | |
| Deep Hypolimnion | | | | 87.5 | 13 | | | 1.35 | 6.33 | |
| Gardner Cove Inlet | | | 37 | 170.7 | 19 | | | 0.61 | 6.59 | |
| Outlet | | | | 87.4 | 7 | | | 0.74 | 6.87 | |
| Varney Brook | | | 5 | 51.5 | 15 | | | 0.84 | 6.77 | |





NH Water Quality Standards: Numeric criteria for specific parameters. Results exceeding criteria are considered a water quality violation.

Chloride: < 230 mg/L (chronic) E. coli: > 88 cts/100 mL - public beach E. coli: > 406 cts/100 mL - surface waters Turbidity: > 10 NTU above natural level pH: 6.5-8.0 (unless naturally occurring)

NH Median Values: Median values for specific parameters generated from historic lake monitoring

data.

Alkalinity: 4.9 mg/L Chlorophyll-a: 4.58 mg/m³ Conductivity: 40.0 uS/cm Chloride: 4 mg/L

Total Phosphorus: 12 ug/L Transparency: 3.2 m

pH: 6.6

HISTORICAL WATER QUALITY TREND ANALYSIS

Parameter Trend Explanation Stable Data not significantly increasing Chlorophyll-a or decreasing. Stable Data not significantly increasing Transparency or decreasing. Phosphorus (epilimnion) Degrading Data significantly increasing (worsening).

This report was generated by the NH DES Volunteer Lake Assessment Program (VLAP). For more information contact: Sara Steiner PO Box 95 Concord, NH 03302-0095

(603) 271-2658 sara.steiner@des.nh.gov



